

1 Teresa M. Corbin (SBN 132360)
Christopher Kelley (SBN 166608)
2 Thomas C. Mavrakakis (SBN 177927)
HOWREY SIMON ARNOLD & WHITE, LLP
3 301 Ravenswood Avenue
Menlo Park, California 94025
4 Telephone: (650) 463-8100
5 Facsimile: (650) 463-8400

6 Attorneys for Defendants AEROFLEX INC., et al.

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8 UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
9 NORTHERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA
10 SAN FRANCISCO DIVISION

11) Case No. CV 03-04669 MJJ
12)
RICOH COMPANY LTD.,) **DEFENDANTS' OPPOSITION TO**
13) **RICOH'S MOTION TO ADVANCE THE**
Plaintiff,) **CASE MANAGEMENT CONFERENCE**
14)
v.) Date: N/A
15) Time: N/A
AEROFLEX INC., ET AL.,) Ctrm: N/A
16)
Defendants.)
17)

1 **I. INTRODUCTION**

2 Defendants Aeroflex Incorporated (“Aeroflex”), AMI Semiconductor, Inc. (“AMI”), Matrox
3 Electronic Systems Ltd. (“Matrox”), Matrox Graphics Inc. (“Matrox Graphics”), Matrox International
4 Corp. (“Matrox Int’l”), and Matrox Tech, Inc. (“Matrox Tech”) (collectively “Customer defendants”)
5 hereby oppose plaintiff Ricoh Company, Ltd.’s (“Rico”) Motion to Advance the Case Management
6 Conference allegedly made pursuant to Local Rule 6-3(a). This opposition is based on the fact that,
7 while the Customer defendants do not in principle oppose an earlier date for the Initial Case
8 Management Conference in this matter, it should not take place on December 9, 2003, and should take
9 place as necessary only *after* the Court has ruled on the Customer defendants’ Motion to Stay.
10 Furthermore, Ricoh failed to properly meet and confer with the Customer defendants as required by
11 Local Rules 6-3(a)(4)(i) and 37-1(a); December 9, 2003 is in fact an inconvenient date for the Initial
12 Case Management in this matter as the Customer defendants’ lead trial counsel is currently not
13 available that date.

14 **II. ARGUMENT**

15 On November 18, 2003, Ricoh moved the Court allegedly pursuant to Local Rule 6-3(a) to
16 advance the date for the Initial Case Management Conference in this matter from February 10, 2004 to
17 December 9, 2003. Ricoh’s request should be denied.

18 First, Ricoh’s request to hold the Case Management Conference on the same date the Court
19 hears the Customer defendants’ motion to stay this action makes no sense. Specifically, Ricoh’s
20 request will force the parties and the Court to prepare for that conference before the Court has had an
21 opportunity to rule on the motion to stay this action—which may obviate any need for a Case
22 Management Conference in this action should the Court grant that motion. In that case, the parties’
23 and the Court’s preparation and participation in a Case Management Conference for this action on
24 December 9, 2003 would be a complete waste of time, effort, and money.

25 Second, Ricoh’s motion does not comply with the Local Rules. Under Local Rules 6-3(a)(4)(i)
26 and 37-1(a), the moving party is required to “previously confer[] for the purpose of attempting to
27 resolve *all* disputed issues.” L.R. 37-1(a). Although Ricoh correctly states that the Customer
28 defendants’ “have no objection in principle to an earlier Case Management Conference”, Ricoh never

1 conferred with the Defendants counsel regarding the date for that Conference, and, instead, unilaterally
2 proposed the December 9, 2003 date for the Conference in its motion. In fact, Ricoh has never
3 proposed any alternate dates to the Customer defendants counsel for the Case Management Conference
4 in this action.

5 Third, the Customer defendants object to the December 9, 2003 date for the Conference. If
6 Ricoh had met and conferred with the Customer defendants regarding this proposed date, Ricoh would
7 have learned that the date is in fact inconvenient for the Customer defendants since the Customer
8 defendants' lead trial counsel is unavailable on December 9, 2003.¹ Because lead trial counsel is
9 required to attend the initial Case Management Conference under Local Rule 16-10(a), Ricoh's
10 requested date would be burdensome for the Customer defendants. Given this and the fact that a Case
11 Management Conference would be unnecessary should the Court grant the motion to stay this action,
12 the Customer defendants are willing to agree to an earlier Case Management Conference (if one is
13 necessary) in January 2004, at the Court's convenience, after the Court has ruled on their motion to
14 stay.

15 Next, Ricoh's motion mischaracterizes some of the facts in the present action. Specifically,
16 Ricoh misleadingly states that: "the case transferred within the District several times," thereby
17 insinuating that it languished in the clerk's office. As Ricoh is aware, the case was initially assigned to
18 Magistrate Trumbull on October 19, 2003, transferred to Judge Chesney in response to a refusal to
19 consent to jurisdiction before a magistrate, and subsequently assigned to Judge Jenkins pursuant to the
20 Court's Order Relating Case signed on November 4, 2003. The final assignment order was based on a
21 Notice of Related Case filed by Ricoh, which specifically noted that the instant action and the
22 *Synopsys v. Ricoh* declaratory judgment action were related and should both be before Judge Jenkins.

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24
25 ¹ Teresa Corbin, lead trial counsel for the Customer defendants, is unavailable December 9, 2003 and
26 December 16, 2003. See Declaration of Teresa M. Corbin in Opposition to Ricoh's Motion to
27 Advance the Case Management Conference at ¶¶ 2-3 ("Corbin Decl."). It is our understanding that the
28 Court is unavailable December 23, 2003 and December 30, 2003. Ms. Corbin is available January 6,
2004 and January 13, 2004 for the Initial Case Management Conference, should the Court decide to
advance the date for the Conference and has ruled on the Customer defendants' Motion to Stay that
this action should proceed. See *id.* at ¶4.

1 Finally, Ricoh disingenuously asserts that “this case is still operating under a Court Order
2 setting a fact discovery cut-off date in January 2004.” As Ricoh is aware, this case is now being
3 litigated in the Northern District of California and subject to the Local Rules of this Court, including
4 the Local Patent Rules. In fact, Ricoh’s portion of the Case Management Conference statement filed
5 with the Court on October 20, 2003 in the related *Synopsys v. Ricoh* matter set forth a proposed
6 schedule for the instant action with a discovery cut-off of July 16, 2004. Thus, Ricoh itself does not
7 believe or have any expectation that the present action is proceeding or will proceed under the
8 scheduling order entered by the Delaware Court prior to its transfer to this District.

9
10 **III. CONCLUSION**

11 For the foregoing reasons, the Court should deny Ricoh’s motion to advance the case
12 management conference in this action to December 9, 2003. While the Customer defendants do not
13 object in principle to a date for the Conference that is earlier than February 10, 2004, the Conference
14 should be held, as necessary, only after the Court has heard and ruled on the Customer defendants’
15 Motion to Stay.

16 Respectfully submitted,

17
18 Date: November 20, 2002

/s/ Thomas C. Mavrakakis

Thomas C. Mavrakakis

HOWREY SIMON ARNOLD & WHITE LLP

Attorneys for Defendants AEROFLEX INC., et al.